## Gravesham Borough Council

## PHS Issue Specific Hearing 9 (23 October 2023) – (ISH9) on Environment & Biodiversity

Examir	ing Authority's Agenda Item / Question	Response	References
Ancien	t Woodland Impact		
a)	Guidance and Methodology		
i.	What guidance was/should be	No comments	
	followed by the Applicant in relation		
	to the location, form, quantity and		
	extent of ancient woodland		
	replacement?		
	<ul> <li>Is this methodology agreed by</li> </ul>		
	Natural England and other relevant		
	IPs?		
ii.	Are the criteria used to determine	No comments	
	whether a tree or woodland is		
	classed as veteran or ancient		
	employed for the project sufficiently clear and robust?		
iii.	Have physical surveys of woodland		
	have been completed to show the		
	full extent of affected habitat and		
	has the level of importance assigned		
	to trees been based on an agreed		
	methodology with Natural England		
	and other stakeholders?		
	<ul> <li>Natural England has suggested</li> </ul>		
	using CIEEM good practice		
	guidance. Is this approach justified		
	and what additional work might be		
	required?		

iv. Possible means to improve the clarity of mapping and documentation on the location a size/ extent of ancient woodland will be discussed.		
<ul> <li>v. How will lost ancient woodland replaced, taking the following is: into account:</li> <li>the location(s) of source soil supplies;</li> <li>the benefits of translocating soi</li> <li>how success will be monitored;</li> <li>how any deficiencies in outcom will be addressed?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>hearing and also responds to the ExQ2 question 1 so far as it relates to the location and wider cultural implications of the strategy for compensation for loss of ancient woodland.</li> <li>s; As highlighted at ISH6 and in its LIR, GBC's concern is how the ancient woodland compensation works within the scheme as a</li> </ul>	Local Impact Report: [REP 1-228] paras 8.38 to 8.40

such assessment, which if unaddressed tends to reinforce its	
concerns about the lack of a strategic or landscape-scale	
approach to the provision of the compensation sites.	
In answer to a question from the ExA, GBC confirmed that its	
concern was not with the quantum of the compensatory	
provision proposed for the loss of ancient woodland but with	
the locational choices for that compensatory provision and the	
absence of demonstration that it was in the right place when	
regard was had to all environmental disciplines. GBC also	
confirmed that it did not consider that this issue (the rationale	
for the site selections) was explained in the OLEMP [REP4-140]	
but it was not otherwise criticising the OLEMP as regards the	
ancient woodland compensation.	
Matter for adjudication	
Given that GBC's ask here is for the Applicant to provide the	
cross-discipline information formation at the pre-consent	
stage, the failure of the Applicant to do so becomes a matter	
which GBC requests the ExA to take into account in the overall	
planning balance. GBC has made this point not just in relation	
to compensatory planting for ancient woodland, but in relation	
to all mitigation planting and compensatory planting	
Outline Landscape and Ec	
An alternative would be for a further REAC commitment along Management Plan [REP4-140]	
the following lines:	
"In finalising the location of landscape planting, compensatory	
ancient woodland planting and soil translocation during	
and/or before the detailed design, the undertaker shall	
undertake, in consultation with the local planning authority, a	
comprehensive review of the proposed location of that	

	autural havitage (above and helew ground) involvestigns. The
	cultural heritage (above and below ground) implications. The
	undertaker will implement any conclusions of that review."
vi. How effectively can equivalent	
biodiverse replacement habitat	
provided and in what timescale	?
Do relevant IPs agree that the	
measures proposed by the App	licant
are appropriate and have a	
reasonable prospect of success	?
b) Removal of Ancient Woodland and	Veteran Trees
i. NPSNN para 5.32 requires the	
Secretary of State to carefully	
consider loss and damage to ar	icient
woodland and veteran trees.	
Can the Applicant provide	
clarification about loss/ harm	
minimisation at:	
○ The A2 /M2 /LTC	
intersection;	
• The M25 /LTC intersect	ion:
and	
$\circ$ Other parts of the prop	osed
alignment, work areas	
compounds with wood	
loss.	
• The Applicant will be asked to	
explain why it was decided to	
undertake work affecting wood	led
areas/ veteran trees and not to	
align, re-design, or substitute la	
use or construction techniques	
protect the woodland/ veteran	
trees?	
11003;	

'The Wilderness'	
a) 'The Wilderness'	
<ul> <li>i. There is disagreement over whether 'The Wilderness' (woodland located near The Grove, North Road, North Ockenden) should be regarded as ancient woodland subject to the policy set out in NNNPS paragraph 5.32.</li> <li>What is Natural England's current position?</li> </ul>	No comments
• The Applicant and relevant IPs will be asked to confirm their position and highlight evidence to support their assessment.	
<ul> <li>ii. A retaining wall is proposed to the south of this area, apparently to limit the extent of woodland loss.</li> <li>Will this meaningfully limit effects on</li> </ul>	No comments
the woodland during construction and operation?	
<ul> <li>iii. At Accompanied Site Inspection 2 (ASI2) on 13 September 2023, the ExA was shown two watercourses within the area that also serviced ponds.</li> </ul>	No comments
<ul> <li>What measures are expected to be required to prevent the loss of the waterside and water-based habitat during works in 'The Wilderness'?</li> <li>Are those measures in place and are</li> </ul>	
they adequate?	
Shorne Woods SSSI Impact	

a)	Shorne Woods SSSI		
a) i. •	Shorne Woods SSSIConcerns have been raised that recreational facilities proposed at the Shorne Woods Country Park could have a negative effect on the SSSI.Have the effects of the proposed facilities been assessed within the submitted documentation?Are the effects considered appropriate 	GBC is concerned at the provision of the new car park which (in part) is intended to serve the Shorne Woods Country Park. Whilst GBC defers to Natural England as regards any impacts on the SSSI, GBC also is concerned that the new car park, and especially any facilities that were provided in conjunction with it (or consequential upon it) would have adverse effects on the Green Belt in this location. GBC also sought clarification as to whether what had been assessed in the ES Addendum [REP5-062] was a kiosk (as described at para A.3.4) or a café (as referred to orally at the hearing) and was grateful to have it confirmed that the assessment related to a kiosk and not to a café. However, GBC's concerns remain about the unjustified impact of any such facilities.	ES Addendum [ <u>REP5-062</u> ]
		Matter for adjudication GBC put forward an amendment at D4 in its comprehensive list of proposed amendments to the DCO, the effect of which would remove the car park and access road from the list of works in Schedule 1 to the DCO [REP4-302], amendment no. 11.	GBC List of Proposed DCO Amendments [ <u>REP4-302</u> ]
ii.	Can Natural England and the Applicant confirm that the disputed boundary of the SSSI has been resolved and that all data relevant to an assessment in this location have also been provided in documents available to the Examination?	This was a minor mistake when the boundary was digitised due to the loss of ground features following the construction of HS1	
iii.	Does the Applicant or any other relevant stakeholder/ land manager anticipate any further refinement of	This section follows up on the points made by GBC at the hearing and also responds to the ExQ2 question 20 (seeking a	

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the use of SSSI during the detailed	written response to the in relation to the detailed design stage	
design stage?	and Shorne Wood SSSI).	
	GBC is concerned about the treatment of the open mosaic	
	grassland element of the SSSI compensation on the currently	
	open parcel of land to the east of Thong Lane that relates to	
	the homes for heroes, the 1920s dwellings. GBC considers that	
	that open land currently makes a positive contribution both to	
	those buildings and to the setting of the Thong Conservation	
	Area and that that contribution would be diminished by the	
	proposed treatment, especially as regards the inclusion of	
	scrub vegetation and similar treatments which are redolent of	
	what might be expected on a regenerating brownfield site.	
	GBC's concerns are spelt out in more detail on pp. <u>3.</u> 39-40 of	
	its Cultural Heritage Appendix for the LIR [ <u>REP1-232</u> ].	
	Matter for a dividiantian	
	Matter for adjudication	
	This is a similar point to that raised at agenda item 3(a)(v) and	
	GBC's proposed remedies apply equally here.	
Coalhouse Fort		
a) Habitat Provision		
i. As part of the mitigation for the loss	No comments	
of land used by species associated		
with the Thames Estuary and		
Marshes Special Protection Area		
(SPA) and Ramsar site, it is proposed		
to provide alternative land at		
Coalhouse Fort.		
• What measures are proposed to reduce the		
potential effect to the existing species that		
utilise the existing non-designated habitat in		
the area?		
	]	

•	Wetland habitat creation is proposed in an		
	area that currently appears to be rough		
	grassland. Is it possible that one 'important'		
	habitat is being replaced by another?		
	ii. Are there locations where the loss of	No comments	
	one valued habitat to facilitate the		
	creation or replacement of another		
	are suggested to arise? (Note in this		
	context, the loss of cultivated		
	agricultural land is not under		
	consideration.)		
Но	le Farm Community Woodland		
	a) Habitat Creation		
	i. Extensive open space and habitat	No comments other than to note that where this related to	
	creation is proposed at Hole Farm 1.	Nitrogen deposition compensation this is not relevant to	
•	Which elements are required as mitigation	impacts south of the River Thames.	
	or compensation for the Lower Thames		
	Crossing and which elements are to meet		
	the needs of the National Highways more		
	general Environment Strategy?		
•	What is the current status of the planning		
	application for the Hole Farm project 2?		
•	How will the expected programme of works		
	at Hole Farm tie into the Lower Thames		
	Crossing proposals?		
•	Is the Hole Farm project contingent on the		
	granting of development consent for the		
	Lower Thames Crossing 2.		
•	Are community woodland creation		
	(including recreational public access) and		
	habitat creation objectives at Hole Farm		
	compatible? How can compatibility be		
	maximised?		

Water Framework Directive						
a) Culverting and Water Framework Directiv	a) Culverting and Water Framework Directive (WFD)					
i. Culverts are proposed. The ExA	GBC in Green Belt comments ( <u>REP4-291</u> see p.31 (pdf) ), noted					
wishes to explore the degree to	that there appeared to be an issue with a culvert related to					
which the length and design of	HS1. Essentially there is a dry valley running down from					
these will adequately respond to the	Jeskyns and provision needs to be made for any overland flow					
maintained or improved natural	in wet conditions. Matter for NH to resolved with HS1 but					
systems and biodiversity function of	provision needs logically to be made.					
the affected watercourses						
The Environment Agency (EA) has stated						
that it has "a formal policy against culverting						
of any watercourse because of the adverse						
ecological, flood risk, geomorphological,						
human safety and aesthetic impacts". [REP1-						
255]						
EA has suggested that the proposed						
culverting could damage the prospect of						
some water bodies obtaining the						
appropriate status under the WFD and be						
contrary to Thames River Basin						
Management Plan (RBMP) objectives.						
The ExA seeks confirmation from the EA that						
this continues to be their position and seeks						
input to inform a recommendation on this point						
to the Secretary of State, should it remain in						
dispute between the Applicant and the EA.						
• What specific WFD and RBMP objectives						
and progress would be impeded by the						
culvert designs that are currently proposed?						

٠	Whether any design amendments to		
	culverting can be developed to address		
	these concerns and; if not		
•	What justification does that Applicant		
	advance for the retention of its current		
	design approach to culverting?		